

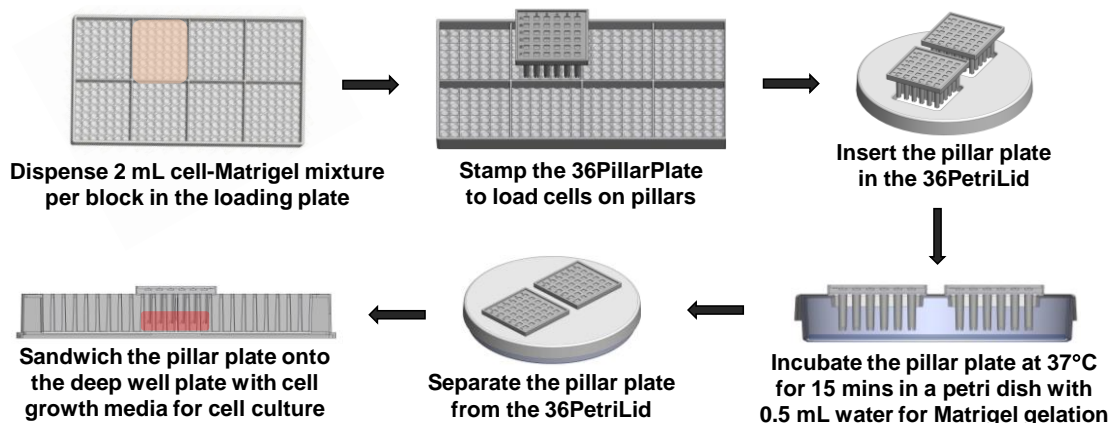
## Standard Operating Procedures for Cell Suspension Culture in Matrigel on a Pillar Plate

This standard operating procedure (SOP) provides step-by-step methods for manual loading of single cell suspension in Matrigel on a 36PillarPlate and culturing cells in 3D on the 36PillarPlate with a 384DeepWellPlate or a 36PetriLid. Please read the protocol carefully before performing experiments.

### Materials:

- 36PillarPlate (Bioprinting Laboratories Inc., Cat. no. 36-01-00)
- LoadingPlate (Bioprinting Laboratories Inc., Cat. no. 384-03-00)
- 36PetriLid (Bioprinting Laboratories Inc., Cat. no. 36-03-00)
- 384DeepWellPlate (Bioprinting Laboratories Inc., Cat. no. 384-02-00)
- Growth factor reduced Matrigel (Corning, Cat. no. 354230)
- Petri dish, 90 mm x 15 mm (VWR, Cat. no. 75799-946)
- Traditional 384-well plate (Fisher Scientific, Cat. no. 12-565-506)

### Methods:



The overall protocol of cell suspension culture in Matrigel on the pillar plate.

### Cell suspension culture in Matrigel on 36PillarPlate in 384DeepWellPlate or petri dish

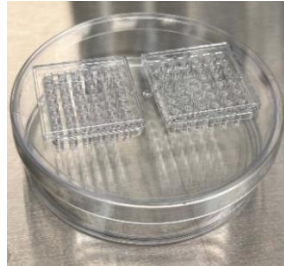
#### Preparation of Matrigel, cell culture medium, pillar plate, and cell suspension

1. Thaw Matrigel® stock overnight by submerging the unopened bottle in an ice bucket filled with ice in a 4°C refrigerator. Prepare 500 µL aliquots of Matrigel and store at -20°C for future use.
2. Thaw Matrigel® aliquots overnight in a 4°C refrigerator.  
**Note:** It is important to thaw Matrigel aliquots in advance in a 4°C refrigerator and maintain Matrigel chilled on ice during use since Matrigel starts to solidify above 10°C. Do not freeze and thaw Matrigel aliquots.
3. For cell culture in a 90 x 15 mm petri dish, dispense 20 mL of a cell growth medium in the petri dish, cover with the lid, and place it in a 5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator at 37°C for at least 1 hour to warm up the growth medium and avoid air bubble formation from the cold growth medium.  
For cell culture in the 384DeepWellPlate, dispense 80 µL/well of a cell growth medium in the 384DeepWellPlate, cover with a well plate lid, and place it in a 5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator at 37°C for at

least 1 hour to warm up the medium and avoid air bubble formation.

- Hydrate the surface of the pillar plate by inserting two 36PillarPlates in the 36PetriLid on a 90 x 15 mm petri dish containing 500  $\mu\text{L}$  of sterile, distilled water and placing it in a 5%  $\text{CO}_2$  incubator at 37°C for 20 - 30 minutes (**Fig. 1**).

**Note:** Changing the surface of the pillar plate to hydrophilic by hydration in a humid environment is necessary to minimize air bubble entrapment on the pillars after cell loading in Matrigel.



**Figure 1.** Hydration of the pillar plate surface in a 90 x 15 mm petri dish with 500  $\mu\text{L}$  of sterile, distilled water to minimize air bubble entrapment.

- Prepare 1.0 mL of cold cell suspension by gently mixing a cell pellet of  $0.8 - 4 \times 10^6$  cells/pellet with 1.0 mL of a cold culture medium in a 15 mL centrifuge tube.

**Note:** The preparation of cell suspension in the cold medium is required to prevent pre-mature gelation of Matrigel.

- Gently mix 0.5 mL of cold cell suspension with 1.5 mL of cold Matrigel to generate a homogenous mixture of cells and Matrigel without air bubbles entrapped.

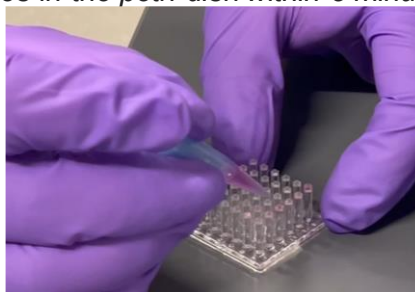
**Note:** The final cell seeding density will be  $0.2 - 1 \times 10^6$  cells/mL in 6 – 8 mg/mL Matrigel (1,000 – 5,000 cells/pillar). Cell seeding density can be adjusted depending on the doubling time. Cells in Matrigel could settle down in 5 – 10 minutes, leading to non-uniform cell loading on the pillar plate. Keep resuspending the cell-Matrigel mixture on ice before loading in the LoadingPlate.

#### Loading cell suspension in Matrigel on single pillar plate using a 1 mL pipette tip

- Aspirate 250  $\mu\text{L}$  of the cell-Matrigel mixture using a 1 mL pipette tip for single 36PillarPlate.
- Separate the 1 mL pipette tip from the pipette gently to prevent cell-Matrigel spillage.
- Using the index finger, block the back of the pipette tip (i.e., the large open area of the tip) to prevent overflow of the cell-Matrigel mixture while tapping the pillar surface.

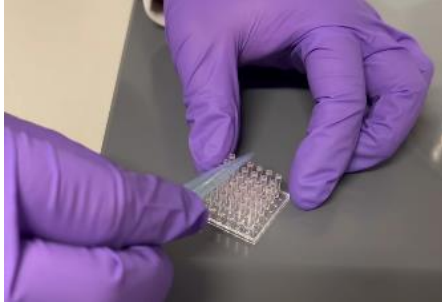
- Gently tap the 1 mL pipette tip with the cell-Matrigel mixture in the center of the pillar to load the cell-Matrigel mixture while blocking the large open area of the tip using the index finger (**Fig. 2**).

**Note:** Do not touch the bottom of the pillar with the pipette tip so as not to damage the surface coating. Use hydrated pillar plates in the petri dish within 5 minutes before complete water drying.



**Figure 2.** Loading the cell-Matrigel mixture on the pillar plate using a 1 mL pipette tip.

- Repeat **Step 10** for all pillars.
- After loading the cell-Matrigel mixture on all pillars, scrape excess the cell-Matrigel mixture off the pillars by sliding the 1 mL pipette tip in a horizontal position on all pillars (**Fig. 3**).

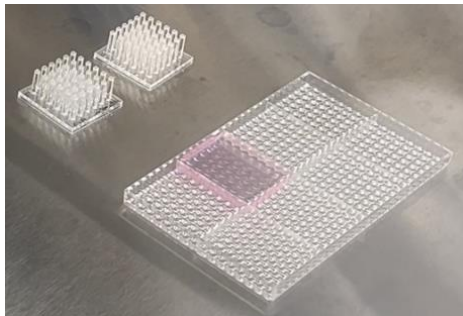


**Figure 3.** Scrapping excess cell-Matrigel mixture off the pillars using the 1 mL pipette tip.

**Loading cell suspension in Matrigel on multiple pillar plates using a LoadingPlate**

- Place the LoadingPlate on a flat surface, dispense 1.5 - 2 mL of the cell-Matrigel mixture per small block without big bubbles, and spread it properly with the pipette tip (**Fig. 4**).

**Note:** Do not leave the cell-Matrigel mixture on the LoadingPlate for longer than 5 minutes to avoid premature gelation during stamping. Since the stamping process is quick, we don't need to place the LoadingPlate with the cell-Matrigel mixture on ice.



**Figure 4.** Dispensing 1.5 - 2 mL of the cell-Matrigel mixture per block in the LoadingPlate for rapid loading of the cells on the pillar plate.

- Stamp the 36PillarPlate on the LoadingPlate and press gently to load the cell-Matrigel mixture evenly on the entire pillar plate (**Fig. 5**). Repeat this cell loading step for other pillar plates as needed.

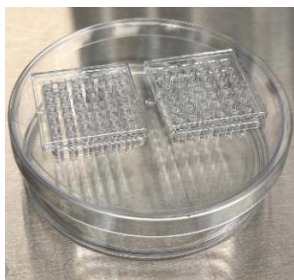
**Note:** With 1.5 - 2 mL of the cell-Matrigel mixture, we can prepare at least three 36PillarPlates (5  $\mu$ L cell-Matrigel mixture per pillar or 180  $\mu$ L the cell-Matrigel mixture per 36PillarPlate) without introducing macro-bubbles on the pillars. For uniform wetting of the pillars and robust cell loading, you can wiggle the pillar plate slightly during stamping.



**Figure 5.** Stamping of the 36PillarPlate on the LoadingPlate to load cells suspended in Matrigel on pillars.

**Matrigel gelation and cell culture on the pillar plate**

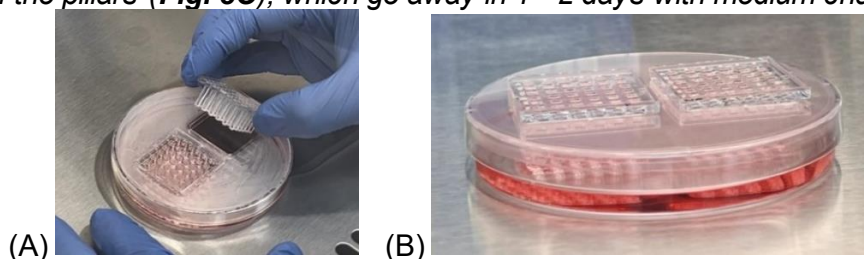
15. Insert the pillar plate with cells in Matrigel in the 36PetriLid on a 90 x 15 mm petri dish containing 500  $\mu$ L of sterile, distilled water to prevent water evaporation during Matrigel gelation (**Fig. 6**).



**Figure 6.** Gelation of Matrigel on the pillar plate inserted in the 36PetriLid on a 90 x 15 mm petri dish with 500  $\mu$ L of sterile, distilled water to prevent evaporation during gelation.

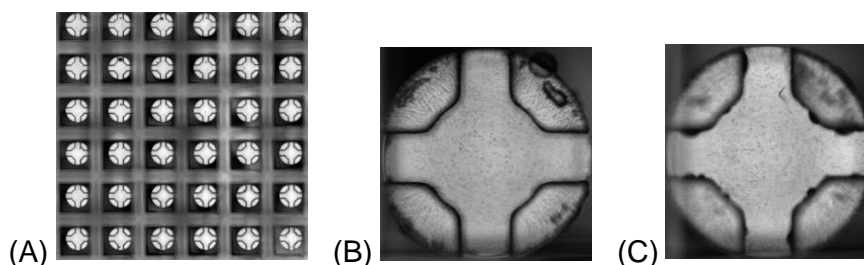
16. Incubate the petri dish with the pillar plate in a 5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator for 15 minutes at 37°C for complete gelation of Matrigel on the pillar plate.
17. Separate the 36PetriLid with the pillar plate and sandwich it onto the 90 x 15 mm petri dish containing 20 mL of the warm cell growth medium (**Fig. 7**) or insert the pillar plate in the 384DeepWellPlate with 80  $\mu$ L/well of the warm growth medium.

**Note:** *It is critical to warm up the growth media for 1 hour and tap the 384DeepWellPlate to dislodge any air bubbles in wells before pillar plate sandwiching. Some micro-bubbles may appear on the edge of the pillars (Fig. 8C), which go away in 1 - 2 days with medium change.*



**Figure 7. (A)** Inserting of the 36PillarPlate with cells in Matrigel in the 36PetriLid. **(B)** Cell suspension culture on the pillar plate in the petri dish with a cell growth medium.

18. Inspect the pillar plate under the microscope to ensure uniform cell loading throughout the entire pillar plate (**Fig. 8**).



**Figure 8. (A)** Stitched image of the entire 36PillarPlate with cells encapsulated in Matrigel. **(B)** Single pillar with cells in Matrigel. **(C)** Single pillar with micro-bubbles on the surface.

19. Culture the cells on the pillar plate in a 5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator at 37°C with medium change every 3 - 5 days for petri dish culture or every 2 - 3 days for 384DeepWellPlate culture.

**Note:** *Cells on the pillar plate in the petri dish could be cultured in a dynamic condition in a 5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator with a low-speed rocker/digital rocker (For dynamic 3D cell culture, refer to “Dynamic Cell Culture with PetriLid” and “Dynamic Cell Culture in Perfusion Plate”).*